From Intelligent Content to Actionable Knowledge Research Directions and Opportunities

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- Context & drivers
- FP6 state of play & FP7 outlook
- "Intelligent Content & Semantics"
- Upcoming calls & tips
- Info sources & events





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# A changing landscape

#### file sharing, many-to-many, social media, Web 2.0, long tail, non-market economy ...

- explosion in the availability of multimedia content
- produced & remixed by non-professionals
- consumed on a broad range of devices
- emergence & deployment of distributed (eg peer to peer) and socially enhanced content management applications
- growing cognitive load & diversity of content sources & types
- more and more data produced by devices as opposed to humans





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# Hidden intelligence

According to **Dr Mike Lynch**, CEO and Founder of **Autonomy**:

« Meaning-based computing is the way of the future as 80 per cent of information within enterprises is unstructured and it is understanding this 'hidden' intelligence that is at the heart to improving the way we interact with information. »





# (not so) Hidden costs

Content management & business search (source: IDC, March 2005)

- Information workers spend more than 27 hours a week searching, gathering and analyzing information
- Information workers waste 3.5 hours a week searching for information that is never found and 3 hours a week recreating content
- Rapid access to information drives effective business processes, but today's computing environment is still largely composed of standalone, 'unaware' collaborative applications and services





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### Enterprise

**Gartner** identified the **Corporate Semantic Web** as part of the Hype Cycle for Emerging Technologies:

« The corporate semantic web will reduce costs and improve the quality of content management, information access, system interoperability, database integration and data quality »





# **FP7 & Cooperation Pgme**

#### (draft) Specific Programme text:

**"ICT for content, creativity and personal development**: novel forms of interactive, non-linear and self-adaptive content; creativity and enriched user experience; cross-media content customisation and delivery; combining all-digital content production and management with emerging semantic technologies; user oriented use, access to and creation of content."

**"Knowledge systems:** methods and techniques to acquire and interpret, represent and personalise, navigate and retrieve, share and deliver knowledge recognizing the semantic relationships in information for use by humans and machines."



"ICT supporting businesses and industry: dynamic, network-oriented business systems for product and service creation and delivery; ... collaboration services ... group management and sharing support."



# **Directions & priorities**

#### extensive consultations:

- c 250 field experts
- face-to-face meetings & written submissions
- conferences & working visits
- over a period of 6 months

#### other sources:

- ISTAG (high-level IST advisory group)
- NEM (media) technology platform
- NESSI (software) technology platform

#### A lasting research agenda, beyond 2008



URL: http://cordis.europa.eu/ist/kct/fp7.htm



### Outcome

### In a nutshell:

- boost creativity
- master content
- dig out « hidden » information





# Challenge 4

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#### "Digital Libraries and Content"

Make content and knowledge abundant, accessible, interactive and usable over time by humans and machines alike.

- Content must be made available through digital libraries and its long term usability, accessibility and preservation must be ensured
- Effective technologies need to be developed for intelligent content creation and management, and for supporting the capture of knowledge and its sharing and reuse
- Individuals, organisations and communities must find new ways to acquire and exploit knowledge, and thereby learn





# **Intelligent Content & Semantics**

Make digital resources that embody **creativity and semantics** easier and more cost effective to produce, organize, search, personalise, distribute and use across the value chain.

- CREATORS: Design more communicative and participative forms of content (media professionals, enterprise designers, talented amateurs)
- PUBLISHERS: Increase productivity in creative industries, enterprises and professional sectors (eg health, law)
- SCIENTISTS: Automate link between data analysis, theory and experimental validation
- ORGANISATIONS & COMMUNITIES: Automate collection and distribution of digital content and machine-tractable knowledge, and their sharing in collaborative environments





### **Target socio-economic sectors**

#### key features

- ICT based, high growth & innovation potential
- pronounced international character
- sophisticated users
- very large data volumes
- well defined flows & protocols
- obvious candidates (in addition to ICT!)
  - *creative industries* (film, TV, games, advertising ...)
  - enterprises in information bound industries
    - utilities eg energy
    - manufacturing & process industries
    - construction & engineering, financial services ...
  - eScience eg life sciences





# (intertwined) Themes

#### RTD:

- authoring
- workflow
- personalisation
- semantics
- knowledge

#### **Coordination & Support**

- community building
- technology assessment
- SEVENTH FRAMEWORK
- exploitation channels, take-up



#### (a) Advanced Authoring

create / capture content

- "creativity": explore new media paradigms & novel forms of content; support creative process & experimentation
  - generate metadata as new content is created
  - annotate & categorize legacy content to ease reuse
  - find reference & inspirational material
- enable user "experience" & control; interactivity, highly visual & non-linear content ...
  - "democratisation": low-cost, scalable-functionality personal tools - editing/sharing/remixing; usability





#### (b) Collaborative Workflow

- from "film" through files to objects:
  - integrated, metadata & object based postproduction flows
  - management & reuse of content assets; versioning, packaging & repurposing
  - where relevant, adaptation to different target markets & groups including cultural/linguistic elements
- multimedia segmentation, summarisation, (scalable) (trans)coding according to distribution channels ...

#### (c) Personalised Presentation & Consumption

- (re)active, self-aware, adaptive ... content
- user, context & device adaptation
- immersive rendering, multimodal interaction
  - privacy preserving logging / feedback datamining 15

#### (e) Semantic Foundations

objective driven research

- beyond current knowledge models & formalisms
  - approximate reasoning & induction
  - temporal, probabilistic & modal modelling ...
- reference implementations esp. web integration of heterogeneous data sources
  - multimedia resources
  - (real-time) data streams



showing the practical value & power of "semantics"



#### (f) Knowledge Systems

problem oriented

- systems, architectures & technologies for information bound organisations & communities
  - <u>core S&T task</u>: extract "meaning" from information, social interaction & work patterns; make it computer tractable
- knowledge intensive tasks & domains
  - dynamic data & application integration
  - business search, knowledge (eg scientific) discovery
  - cross-organisational interoperability: dynamic collaboration & knowledge sharing
  - identity management, audit trails, privacy

#### multimedia, data & process semantics



# Approach & key features

- problem & objective driven
- principled approach, no quick-and-dirty fixes
- scope encompasses (actual mix depends on project types & objectives):
  - formal (KE) + social (Web 2.0) + ambient (Internet of things) resources & approaches
  - foundational + component + system level research
- centred around <u>real</u> users, data & flows
- integrated demonstrator(s), field validation & assessment
- usability, scalability, replicability; legacy data/systems
- active promotion & dissemination of results ... beyond scientific circles



multi-sector potential, innovative areas, beyond SoA



### What we don't do

In 2007-08 we do not intend to support <u>research</u> into:

- **basic research** with no identifiable by-products within 10 years
- domain specific applications not portable/replicable in other socio-economic sectors
- developments addressing immediate commercial concerns eg content protection & monetisation
- issues covered by other Challenges e.g. media networking, peer to peer, mobile ...
- topics well covered by on-going FP6 projects & networks (see our website)



individual projects can however address one or the other of the above issues, and integrate existing & emerging technologies

# FP7 vs FP6

#### **Evolution**, no disruption:

- hard research problems remain invariant
- automation, networked information, multimedia ... stay as well
- efficiency & cost effectiveness are key drivers
  - clear application potential & exploitation channels
- broader scope, no longer purely « document » centric
  - <u>task & user centric</u>
  - more attention paid to <u>human & organisational factors</u>
  - so as to encourage new programme entrants
- « systems » approach: reference architectures; reusable tools; interworking with legacy systems
- pro-active promotion & dissemination
  - so as to leave behind resources others can build on





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